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By the QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Calling a New Parliament.

ANNE R.

WHereas *by our Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the Eighth Day of this Month of* August, *We did Diſſolve the laſt Parliament, and Declared our Intentions of Speedily Calling a New One; We do, accordingly hereby further Declare, That, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, We have this Day given Order to Our Chancellor of* Great Britain, *to Iſſue out Writs in due Form for the Calling a New Parliament; which Writs are to bear* Teſte *the Eighteenth Day of this Inſtant* Auguſt, *and to be Returnable on* Thurſday *the Twelfth Day of* November *next following.*

Given at our Court at *Windſor*, the Seventeenth Day of *Auguſt*, 1713. In the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the QUEEN.

By the QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION,

In order to the Electing and Summoning the Sixteen Peers of *Scotland.*

ANNE R.

WHereas *We have in Council thought fit to Declare Our Pleaſure for Summoning and Holding a Parliament of* Great Britain, *on* Thurſday *the Twelfth of* November *next enſuing the Date hereof: In order therefore to the Electing and Summoning the Sixteen Peers of* Scotland, *who are to Sit in the Houſe of Peers in the ſaid Parliament, We do, by Advice of Our Privy Council, Iſſue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, ſtrictly Charging and Commanding all the Peers of* Scotland *to Aſſemble and Meet at Our Royal Palace of* Holy-Rood Houſe *in* Edinburgh, *on* Thurſday *the Eighth Day of* October *next enſuing, between the Hours of Twelve and Two in the Afternoon, to Nominate and Chuſe the Sixteen Peers to Sit and Vote in the Houſe of Peers in the ſaid enſuing Parliament, by Open Election and Plurality of Voices of the Peers that ſhall be then preſent, and of the Proxies for ſuch as ſhall be Abſent, ſuch Proxies being Peers, and producing a Mandate in Writing, duly Signed before Witneſſes, and both the Conſtituent and Proxy being Qualified according to Law. And the Lord Clerk Regiſter, or ſuch Two of the Principal Clerks of the Seſſion, as ſhall be appointed by him to Officiate in his Name, are hereby reſpectively Required to Attend ſuch Meeting, and to Adminiſter the Oaths Required by Law to be Taken there by the ſaid Peers, and to take their Votes, and immediately after ſuch Election made, and duly examined, to Certifie the Names of the Sixteen Peers ſo Elected, and Sign and Atteſt the ſame in the preſence of the ſaid Peers the Electors, and Return ſuch Certificate into our High Court of Chancery of* Great Britain. *And We ſtrictly Charge and Command, That this Our Royal Proclamation be duly Publiſhed at the Market-Croſs at* Edinburgh, *and in all the County-Towns of* Scotland, *Twenty five Days at leaſt before the time hereby Appointed for the Meeting of the ſaid Peers to Proceed to ſuch Election.*

Witneſs Our Self at *Weſtminſter*, the Eighteenth Day of *Auguſt*, 1713. In the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the QUEEN.

The following Addreſs from the County of *Huntingdon*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by the Right Hon. the Lord *Hinchinbrook*; being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of *Dartmouth*, Lord Privy Seal.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of *Huntingdon*, aſſembled at the Aſſizes held for the ſaid County.

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

THO' late, we beg leave to ſay, that none of Your Subjects can bring more unfeigned Thanks to GOD and Your Majeſty for that great Bleſſing of Peace which, through Your Majeſty's Royal Goodneſs and Conſummate Wiſdom, is now throughly perfected.

At

As Britons, *we have willingly gone through a long and bloody War with that Courage and Succeſs, which of Old, hath made this Nation Terrible and Famous, yet as Chriſtians we cannot but rejoice at Peace, eſpecially one ſo ſafe and honourable.*

If any through Ignorance (for we are not willing to ſuppoſe worſe) are in the leaſt diſſatisfied with it, we hope when the Affair of Commerce is better underſtood, all will be truly ſenſible of the Benefits of it.

Your Majeſty's Declaration from the Throne, of the entire Friendſhip between Your Self and the moſt Illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover, *together with Your Care of the Proteſtant Succeſſion, and the Church of* England *as by Law Eſtabliſhed, is received by us with the utmoſt acknowledgments of Joy and Gratitude; ſo that being happily freed from the Danger of the Pretender, and at the ſame time from the Charge of a tedious War abroad, we beg leave to aſſure Your Majeſty, that the reſt of our Days ſhall be ſpent in promoting Peace and Friendſhip at home, laying aſide all private Animoſities that may interrupt the Publick Intereſt, contending in nothing ſo much, as who ſhall make the beſt returns to Your Majeſty for Your prudent and proſperous Care of Your People.*

May that good God *who hath graciouſly anſwer'd the Prayers of our Church, and given Peace in our time, give to Your Sacred Majeſty length of Days, with a proſperous Reign here on Earth, and Crown You with immortal Glory hereafter.*

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Newcaſtle under Lyne*, was Preſented to Her Majeſty by *William Burſlem*, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament; being Introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Rocheſter*.

To the QUEEN's *moſt Excellent Majeſty,*

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgeſſes of Your Majeſty's ancient Borough of *New-caſtle under Lyne* in the County of *Staffford.*

MADAM!

AMongſt the many amazing Glories which fill the Annals of Your Illuſtrious Reign, *next to that auſpicious Day wherein Your Majeſty became the tender Mother of Your People, and Defender of the Faith, we Your truly Loyal and Faithful Subjects have never had a juſter Occaſion of pouring out our Joy, and ſending up our unfeigned Praiſes and Thankſgivings than this, which Your Majeſty hath afforded us from the great Advantages gained to Your Own Kingdoms in the Peace which You have ſo happily accompliſh'd. A Peace, the more Glorious and Surprizing, in that, notwithſtanding the unnatural Endeavours of ſome, and the ungrateful Attempts of others to fruſtrate it, Your Majeſty hath wreſted the Ballance of Power into that Hand where, for the real Safety and Tranquility of all* Europe, *it only can be repoſed. A Peace, which calls down the greateſt Bleſſings on Your Head, and will bring You the promiſed Reward, in that You have done Your part to put an End to the long and lamentable Effuſion of Chriſtian Blood. A Peace, which ought to heal all Animoſities among Your own Subjects, unite them in Duty and Affection to Your Majeſty, and raiſe in them a juſt Eſteem and Reſpect towards Your Miniſtry; ſince by Your Majeſty's pious Care, and their indefatigable Induſtry, the Intereſt of Your People is ſo amply provided for, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion ſo ſufficiently taken of, that we are amazed to find there are any yet among us who can appear diſſatisfied about either. But thanks be to GOD,* Madam, *that we of this Corporation do find that the Power of the Factious, and unreaſonably Diſcontented, is ſo inſignificant, that we can promiſe our ſelves it is never like to prevail again amongſt us, who for the great Bleſſing of ſuch a Peace have not been wanting to expreſs our Joy with the utmoſt Sincerity, and beyond any Example of our Forefathers on any Occaſion. For which Bleſſing we Adore Your Majeſty, Reverence and Reſpect Your wiſe and faithful Miniſters, and earneſtly Emplore that great GOD, whoſe Vicegerent You are, that Your Majeſty may long live to ſee the Fruits of this Your Peace and Reign, in the united Affection and Dutifulneſs of Your Subjects, that Your Imperial Crown may for the future ſit eaſie on Your Royal Head, and flouriſh on the Heads of Proteſtant Succeſſors.*

The following Addreſs from the County of *Rutland*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by the Right Hon. the Lord *Guilford.*

To the QUEEN's *moſt Excellent Majeſty,*

The humble Addreſs of the Lord-Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy-Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of the County of *Rutland.*

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

TO permit your moſt Loyal and Dutiful Subjects, with the greateſt Humility, to beg Pardon for the Neglect of our Duty, in not ſooner Approaching Your Royal Preſence with thoſe grateful Acknowledgments which, in this manner, have been paid by the greateſt part of the Kingdom: But tho' we are ſo late, as makes it impoſſible for us to exceed in our Expreſſions the Joy and Gratitude of them that are before us; yet it is alſo as impoſſible for any to offer Hearts more truly Loyal, or more ſincerely Thankful for the Conſummation of that Glorious and beneficial Enterprize, which was undertaken by Your Majeſty with ſo ardent a Love, and purſued with ſo ſteady a Reſolution for Your Peoples Good.

We have now a plain and delightful View of all thoſe Glories and Felicities which a firm and honourable Peace brings with it; and although it is aſtoniſhing to find at this time groundleſs Jealouſies fomented, and ſome Deſigning and Diſcontented Men, upon the force of ſelfiſh and bad Principles, Murmuring; yet we believe nothing can poſſibly more affect Loyal and Diſintereſted Perſons, than this happy Day, when Foreign Enmity muſt for ever ceaſe, and Civil Diſcords vaniſh; when homebred Envy and the Malice of a Seditious Party, when reſtleſs Faction and diſtracting Schiſm, muſt ſink into their dark and proper Manſions, never returning to the Diſturbance of Your long and proſperous Reign, nor of that Proteſtant Succeſſion in which theſe Kingdoms now hope to be for ever Happy.

The late Aſſurances Your Majeſty was pleaſed to give from the Throne, of Your preſent Care in ſecuring the great Advantage of a beneficial and ſetled Commerce, hath brought freſh Joy, raiſed enlivened Hopes, and demands a particular Return of moſt thankful Acknowledgments, accounting that great Benefit already gained for Your Nation's Good, by Your Royal Hopes to make the advantageous Conditions obtained from France *effectual to this great and deſirable Branch of our Happineſs.*

May

May the long Continuance of Your Majesty's Health, the Influence of Your Pious and Virtuous Example, the Wisdom of Your Faithful Counsellors, and the Blessing of Peace, make Your Sacred Person Dear to Your People, Your Memory Sweet to all succeeding Ages, and Your Auspicious and Blissful Reign the Wonder of the World.

The following Address from the Burgh of *Sanquhar*, in the County of *Nithsdale*, was presented to Her Majesty by his Grace the Duke of *Queensberry* and *Dover*.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Provost, Baillies, Thesaurer, Dean of Gild, and Remanent Members of the Common-Council and Chief Inhabitants of Your antient Burgh of *Sanquhar*, in the County of *Nithsdale*.

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects beg leave, with all Zeal and Loyalty of Heart to Congratulate Your Most Sacred Majesty, now that Heaven has Crown'd the great Glories of Your Arms with a happy Peace, and thereby has put it in Your Power at the same time to bless Your Subjects, and shew Mercy to Your Enemies.

We therefore hope that all Enmities will be concluded with the War, and that our Constitutions will be inviolably preserved.

Your Majesty has taken such provident Care to Establish the Succession to Your Crown, in the Illustrious House of Hanover, *and to guard it by all possible Precautions against any Design or Attempt that might Defeat it; that we have all the Security that human Affairs will admit, that the inestimable Blessings of Your auspicious Reign shall be transmitted to our Posterity.*

But that late, very late, this Succession may take place, that Your Years may be proportionable to the great Glories of Your Reign; and that Heaven, for the good of this World in general, and Your Own Dominions in particular, may long preserve You, shall be the constant Prayers of, may it please Your Majesty, Your most Dutiful and Faithful Subjects and Servants.

The following Address from the County of *Monmouth*, was sent up by his Grace the Duke of *Beaufort*, and presented to Her Majesty by the Right Hon. the Earl of *Dartmouth*, Lord Privy Seal.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenants, Clergy, Gentry, and Freeholders at the Assizes holden at *Monmouth*.

MADAM,

WE have lately given Thanks to the great Author of Peace, for his Mercy to us, but think our Gratitude imperfect till Your Majesty's unwearied Goodness be acknowledged.

The Valour of the Britains *has been signaliz'd in other Reigns, but their Council never so renown'd as now in Yours, and while Religion, Liberty, and Peace secur'd to us and our Posterity in a Protestant Succession, shall deserve Esteem, so long we must admire Your Wisdom, in the Choice of faithful Ministers, who when Your powerful Vertues had appeas'd the Wrath of Heaven, would suffer neither Fire nor Steel, nor Subtilty nor Rage, to frustrate Your auspicious Reign.*

We have nothing left us now to wish for, but that Your Majesty may live to fill the Character of a Sovereign, to whose consummate Honour nothing can be added; That Your Crown (hitherto a Crown of Thorns) may sit firm and easie upon Your Head, and be late, very late, exchanged for one of Glory.

If those who attend Your Service in another Parliament, go not into all Your Measures for promoting the Liberties of Europe *abroad, and reducing the Spirit of Faction at home; we beg leave to say, they will not truly represent Your Majesty's loyal and very obedient Subjects.*

The following Address from the County of *Denbigh*, was presented to Her Majesty by *Edward Brereton*, Esq;

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, *Custos Rotulorum*, Justices of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenants, Clergy and Gentlemen of the County of *Denbigh*, at a General Quarter Sessions held for the said County at *Wrexham*.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

IN the beginning of Your Majesty's auspicious Reign You retrieved the Glory of the English *Arms; but You have now, by the conclusion of the most honourable Peace, more happily asserted the Wisdom of the* British *Councils: In vain were the Successes of the last, superior to those of the precedent War; if the Conduct at* Utrecht *had not, in a much greater degree, surpassed that at* Ryswick, *and very dextrously regain'd the blessed Opportunity which was so scandalously let slip at* Gertruydenbourg.

If we have Addressed Your Majesty on the taking of Towns at the Expence of English *Blood and Treasure, for the Advantage of Foreigners, be pleas'd to think with how much warmer Zeal and more ardent Transports of Joy we approach Your Throne, on the glorious Occasion of seeing large Territories and strong Fortresses recovered, and others added to the Dominion of* Great Britain: *These are Conquests worthy of Your Majesty's Goodness, unally'd with the Cries of Orphans, or the Tears of Widows.*

Of the many Blessings with which Peace is attended, we think it the greatest, that being now free from an expensive War, we shall every Day be more able to serve Your Majesty upon any Occasion.

We breath in an Air untainted with the modern Notions of Loyalty and Obedience: We ever have and ever will firmly adhere to Your Majesty's Person and the Crown of Great Britain: *Our Affections to which, we think, we cannot testify better, than by wishing it may long, very long, flourish on Your Royal Head.*

Which Addresses Her Majesty received very graciously.

Madrid, August 14. *N. S.* The King having refused to confirm the Treaty of Peace with Savoy, signed by his Ministers at the Congress, ordered a new one to be formed here, differing in some few Articles, which he hath signed, and sent to Utrecht. A Copy of it is likewise gone to the Duke of Savoy for his Approbation. Some Days ago an Express arrived from the Camp before Barcelona, wit an Account, that the Duke de Popoli having sent a Trumpeter into the Town, to perswade the Inhabitants to

submit

ſubmit themſelves to the Clemency of the King their Sovereign, they impriſoned the Meſſenger, and kept him in a Tower for Four and twenty Hours, after which they ſent him back with a Letter, ſuperſcribed to the Duke de Popoli, General of the Enemy's Army, to this effect, That they had acknowledged Charles the Third for their lawful King, and would not own any other. Whereupon a Council of War was called, and the Reſolutions taken in it ſent to the King, who has appointed the Marquis de Bedmar, Count Bergeick, and Monſieur Orry, to examine and give their Opinions upon them. It is ſaid a Body of Six or Seven thouſand Men is to march out of Eſtramadura and Andaluſia, in order to join the Army in Catalonia, and beſiege Barcelona in form. The Court has ſent ſtrict Orders to all the Heads of Convents, not to let any Perſon who has been Baniſh'd enter into their Houſes.

Berlin, Auguſt 19. *N. S.* The King continues ſtill at Potſdam, where he often takes the Diverſion of Stag Shooting. His Majeſty hath lately publiſh'd an Edict, prohibiting all Commerce with Auſtria, Moravia, the City of Ratisbonne, and the Parts of Bohemia and Sileſia that lie beyond the Cities of Prague and Breſlaw, upon certain Advices that thoſe Countries are infected with the Plague: And as it is reported that the City of Hamburgh is under the ſame Misfortune, the King has ſent one of his Phyſicians to examine into it, and has ordered Troops to be poſted on the Frontiers. The Saxon Artillery, which arrived here ſome Days ago, is laden on Veſſels of a leſſer ſize, ſuch as this River will bear, in order to be Tranſported to the Camp before Stetin. We hear from thence, that ſeveral Saxon Regiments are commanded to Poland.

Hamburgh, Auguſt 22. *N. S.* The King of Pruſſia and the Elector of Hanover, have forbid all Commerce with this City, and to that end have poſted Troops from Lenzen to Zedenich. His Electoral Highneſs hath appointed a Quarentine of Fourteen Days, to be performed by Perſons of Diſtinction, but the King of Pruſſia hath not yet fixed on any Term for thoſe who come into his Dominions. On the 19th there was a Conference at Berguedorff between the Miniſters of Pruſſia and Hanover, and the Deputies of our Magiſtrates, to conſult what Meaſures were proper to be taken for carrying on Trade, in caſe the Diſtempers ſhould encreaſe here. They agreed that the Poſt ſhould come and go as it us'd to do, after which, they conſider'd of a Place, where Paſſengers and Goods ſhould be detained for a certain Term. The Miniſter of Hanover propoſed Berguedorff, in caſe the Senate would conſent that the Elector ſhould place a Garriſon in the Town, but as the Deputies were not inſtructed in this Point, they ſeparated without coming to any concluſion. Harbourg has been ſince nam'd, but it's thought the Kings of Denmark and Pruſſia will hardly agree to it. His Daniſh Majeſty hath ordered his Miniſter to acquaint the Court of Berlin, that he is ready to enter upon a Treaty with the Duke of Holſtein, ſince ſo many Powers Intereſt themſelves in his Favour; but that the Differences between them might be accommodated better at Gottorp, than at any other Place, and without any Mediation. The Saxon Artillery, which was brought from Dreſden is arrived at Guben, and will be at Stetin by the 26th Inſtant. The Saxons have made themſelves Maſters of the Iſle of Uſedom in Pomerania. The Daniſh Fleet, that was oblig'd by contrary Winds to return to Stevens, put to Sea again on the 12th. We have receiv'd advice from Poland, that the Palatin of Ruſſia, who was impriſon'd by King Auguſtus, is accuſed by his Secretary of a Conſpiracy to carry away that Prince, and to deliver him into the Hands of the Turks, or the King of Sweden, and Papers have been found hid in his Garden, that confirm this Accuſation. Letters from Turky bring an account, that the Ottoman Port intended to ſend a Body of Men into Poland, and that they were making Preparations to beſiege Caminiec.

Hanover, Auguſt 22. *N. S.* Monſieur Pleſs is come to this Court, from the Duke of Mecklenbourg, to notify the Death of the late Duke his Brother, and his own Acceſſion to the Government, and Yeſterday he had an Audience of the Elector. We have receiv'd advice, that a Contagious Diſtemper is broke out at Hamburg, and in ſeveral Places of the Dutchy of Bremen; upon which, his Electoral Highneſs has ſent ſome Troops to the Frontiers, to hinder Perſons from coming into his Dominions from thoſe Parts, and Phyſicians are appointed to examine whether this Diſtemper, which is ſpread as far as Lunenburg, be Peſtilential. Advices from Pomerania bring an account, that One hundred and fifty Troopers of the Garriſon of Stetin, had defeated Five hundred Muſcovites, and taken Thirty Horſes from them, after which they returned into the Place with the Loſs of only Five Men. Theſe Letters add, that as ſoon as the Saxon Artillery that was employ'd by the Danes in the Siege of Staden was arrived, the Muſcovites intended to beſiege Stetin in Form.

Paris, Auguſt 25, *N. S.* Two Days ago an Expreſs arrived at Marli with an Account, that on the 19th the Garriſon of Landau beat the Chamade, but the Capitulation was not then agreed on, and the Fire continued till the next Day, when the Garriſon, conſiſting of Eleven Battalions, were made Priſoners of War. The Marquis de Biron, a Lieutenant-General, who loſt his Arm in the Siege, is appointed to be Governour of the Place.

Whitehall, Auguſt 21. Her Majeſty hath been pleaſed to Conſtitute Sir William Wyndham, Bart. Chancellor and Under-Treaſurer of Her Majeſty's Exchequer.

Francis Gwyn, Eſq; Secretary at War. And

Thomas Moore, Eſq; Paymaſter of Her Majeſty's Land Forces abroad.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling Her Majeſty's Navy give notice, That on Wedneſday the 16th of September next, in the Forenoon, they will be ready to receive Propoſals in Writing ſealed up, at their Office on Tower-hill, from all ſuch Perſons as are willing to ſerve Her Majeſty's Navy with Butter, Suffolk and Cheſhire-Cheeſe, for the Year enſuing, to end at Michaelmas 1714.

Theſe are to give notice to the ſeveral Invalid Out-Penſioners belonging to Her Majeſty's Royal Hoſpital near Chelſea, that at the time they ſhall be Paid at the ſaid Hoſpital, they will be informed which of them are diſmiſt or continued the Penſion; and ſuch of them as are diſmiſt, will alſo at the ſame time receive Paſſes to Travel to their reſpective Countries or Places of Aboad.

By Order of the Lords and others Commiſſioners of the Royal Hoſpital aforeſaid.

James Duke Criſpe.

Royal

Royal Hoſpital near Chelſea, Aug. 15. 1713.

Theſe are to give Notice to all Perſons on whom the four Companies of Invalid Serjeants (lately deſigned for Portſmouth) were quartered in the Towns of Hammerſmith, Brentford, Kingſton, Egham, Staines, Cobham, Ripley, and Places adjacent; that they will be paid their Subſiſtance from the 25th of June, 1712, to the 24th of June, 1713, on the Days and Places following, viz.

Late Capt. James Murray's Company, at the Goat in Hammerſmith, on Monday Sept. 7.

Late Sir John Gibſon's Company, at the Red Lyon at Brentford, on Tueſday 8th.

Late Capt. Edward Emett's and Capt. Robert Leſley's Companies at the Caſtle in Kingſton on Wedneſday 9.

And every Landlord muſt bring his Billet with him, in order to receive what is juſtly due to him.

Notice is alſo given to all Perſons on whom any other Invalid Out-Penſioners belonging to the Royal Hoſpital at Chelſea were Quarter'd in the following Towns and Pariſhes, that they will be paid their Subſiſtance from the 25th of June, 1712, to the 24th of June, 1713, on the Days and Places following.

At Acton and Ealing, on Monday Sept. 14.

At Cheſwick, Hammerſmith and Fulham, on Wedneſday 16.

At Putney, Wandſworth and Batterſea, on Friday 18.

At Lambeth, on Saturday 19.

At St. Margaret's Hill in the Borough of Southwark as follows.

St. Olave's and Rotherhith Pariſhes, on Tueſday Sept. 22.

St. Mary Magdalen's and Chriſt-Church, Wedneſday 23.

St. George's and St. Mary Newington's, on Thurſday 24.

St. Saviour's and St. Thomas's, on Friday 25.

And ſuch of the Out-Penſioners as have not been quarter'd as aforeſaid, will be paid their Money at the Hoſpital on the Days hereafter named.

Corporals of Horſe and Serjeants of Dragoons, on Monday September 28.

Light Horſe and Dragoons, on Wedneſday 30.

Serjeants of Foot, Corporals of Foot, and Drumbeaters, on Friday October 2.

Private Men, on Monday October 5.

And on every Monday, Wedneſday and Friday following, until the whole Payment is ended.

Notice is hereby given to all Captors of Prizes and Agents, who have not, within three Months after Sale of ſuch Prizes, tranſmitted to the Treaſurer of Greenwich Hoſpital, at his Office there, a true Account of the Produce of ſuch Prizes, and of what Payments have been made to the reſpective Captors, That they forthwith tranſmit the ſame; and where three Years are expired ſince ſuch Payments, they are to tranſmit upon Oath, Accounts of the Produce of ſuch Prizes, and of the Money remaining in their Hands, being the Shares of Captors dead, run away, or not legally demanded, and make Payment of the Mony ſo remaining, or they will incur and be proſecuted for the Penalties inflicted by the Act of Parliament.

The Committee for Letting the City's Lands, in the Account of the Chamberlain of the City of London give notice, that they intend to Lett by Leaſe the Place or Office of one of the Fifteen Sea-Coalmeters of the ſaid City, with the Profits thereunto belonging: And that the ſaid Committee will ſit in the Council Chamber at the Guildhall, London, on Wedneſday the 9th Day of September next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, in order to receive Propoſals of the ſame; of which more particular Information may be had at the Comptroller's Office at the Guildhall aforeſaid.

The Sufferers by Fire at Battlebridge in Southwark, are hereby deſired to meet at the King's Head Tavern in St. Olave-ſtreet, on Monday the 31ſt of this Inſtant Auguſt, by three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the ſame Day, to receive their reſpective Dividends or Shares of the Moneys at preſent Collected and Paid in by the Undertakers of the Brief granted to the ſaid Sufferers Relief.

His Excellency the Duke d'Aumont, Ambaſſador Extraordinary from the Moſt Chriſtian King to Her Majeſty of Great Britain, being on the point of returning to France, Adverties the Publick thereof, in order that all manner of Perſons, to whom his Excellency owes any thing, might give in their Bills and Pretenſions to his Steward at Somerſet-Houſe, who is appointed to examine the ſame. And as for any Perſon to whom there might be owing any thing by any of the Gentlemen, Servants, or others of his Retinue, they are deſired timely to take proper Meaſures in order to be paid.

Advertiſements.

THeſe are to give Notice, That on the 14th of September next, by Order of the Commiſſioners of Her Majeſty's Cuſtoms, there will be expoſed to publick Sale by the Candle, at Penryn in Cornwall, Seventy Hhds of French Priz: White Wine, and are to be ſeen in the Queen's Warehouſe in that Port, being part of the Cargoes of the St. Joſeph d'Abrildue, and the St. James of Morlaix, ſent into that Port by the Lewis Galley Privateer of Jerſey, Edward Damareſque Commander. The Goods may be view'd a Week before the Day of Sale.

WHereas a Green Livery Coat, lined and laced with Red, with a Red Waiſtcoat, and a looſe Blue Riding Coat, was taken from a Gentleman's Servant upon Finchly Common, on Tueſday the 18th Inſtant, between 8 and 9 a-Clock at Night; This is to give Notice, if the Perſon who took them will order them to be brought to the Three Daggers Alehouſe in Baſinghall-ſtreet, near Guildhall, within 14 Days after the Publication of this, ſhall receive Two Guineas Reward, and no Queſtion ask'd; or if offer'd to be Pawned or Sold, whoever ſtops them ſhall receive the ſame Reward at the aforeſaid Place.

WHereas Her Majeſty has moſt graciouſly been pleaſed by Her Letters Patent to grant unto Nich. Mandel, Eſq; and Comp. the ſole making and vending of two new invented Engines, the one an Engine or Pump for diſcharging of Water with more eaſe and in greater quantities than any hitherto invented, very uſeful for clearing of Ships, dreining of Penns and Mines, quenching of Fires, watering of Gardens, &c. The other for weighing, raiſing, or lifting of heavy Bodies with the leaſt Labour of any yet known, without the Danger and Hazard to which others are liable, and ſtanding in much leſs room than any other, very uſeful for Wharfs, Warehouſes, &c. They are to be had at reaſonable Rates, at Fiſher's Wharf at Millbank, Weſtminſter, where they may be ſeen and try'd any Hour of the Day.

A Plate of 16 l. Value to be run for on Tueſday, the 22d of September next, at Loughborrow in the County of Leiceſter, by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, carrying 10 Stone, 3 Heats, and entred and kept at the Bull-Head in the aforeſaid Town that Day ſeven-night before they run, the winning Horſe to be Sold for 30 l. and every Perſon that puts in a Horſe to pay a Guinea Entrance. And alſo at the ſame Place, on Wedneſday following, will be run for by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, a Plate of near 35 l. Value, carrying 12 Stone, the winning Horſe to be Sold for 60 l. and entred and kept as above; the Subſcribers to make up their Subſcription two Guineas, and every Perſon being not a Subſcriber to pay two Guineas Entrance.

AT Warwick, on Tueſday the 22d of September, will be run for 50 l. in Mony, by any Horſe, &c. under 7 Years of Age, that never won above the Value of 10 l. the Horſes not to be Sold. And on Wedneſday the 23d, the Town Plate of 20 l. Value, to be run for by any Horſe, &c. not never won the Town Plate before, the winning Horſe to be Sold for 30 Guineas. The Horſes for both Plates to be entered at the Starting-Poſt, between the Hours of 10 and 12, the Day Seven-night before they run.

LOſt from the Queen's Head Inn in Gray's Inn Lane, London, two Notes of Sir Francis Child and Copartner; the one dated April the 28th, 1711. for 200 l. the other November the 14th, 1711. for 120 l. both payable to Sir Matthew Jenniſon, or Order, but not Indorſed by him, therefore of no real Uſe to any body elſe: And the ſaid Notes having been before twice Advertiſed in the Gazette, but not yet heard of, and Sir Matthew being deſirous to find what is become of them, declares therefore that he will give as a Reward 10 l. to any one who can give any Information, with Proof of the ſaid Notes, their being in the Poſſeſſion or Hands of any Perſon, at any time from February laſt, ſo that ſuch Information be given between this and the firſt Day of next Term, to Sir Francis Child and Copartner, or to Mr. Francis Conde